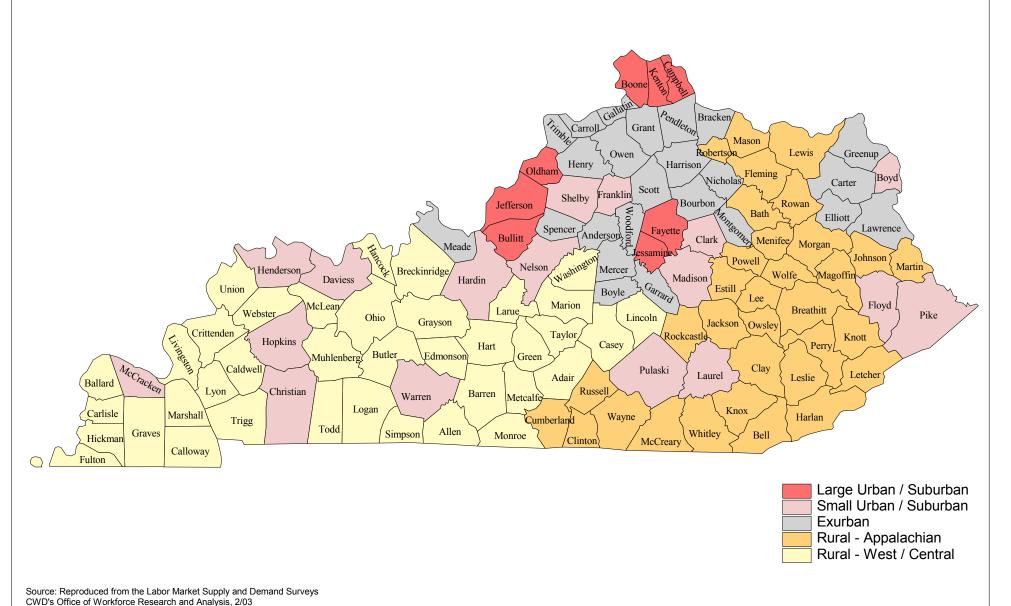
#### <u>Underemployment</u>

- In 2002, according to the Kentucky Labor Supply and Demand Surveys conducted by the University of Kentucky and the University of Louisville, there were 35,717 underemployed persons in the Purchase/Pennyrile WIA (see chart below). Nineteen percent of the labor force was underemployed, mostly due to persons seeking a better job match, though 22% was due to persons seeking full-time work. The percentage of persons seeking full-time work was higher in the small urban counties (Christian, Hopkins, and McCracken) as well as Calloway County, where Murray State University is located.
- Underemployment was higher in the small urban counties in the Purchase/Pennyrile WIA than in the other counties, except Fulton County. There was higher underemployment in the southeast part of the Bluegrass region (Madison, Powell and Estill Counties).

	Underemployed Seeking Full Time Work	Underemployed Seeking a Better Job Match	Total % of Labor Force Underemployed Underemployed		% of Labor Force Under- or Unemployed
Purchase/Pennyrile	7,812	27,905	35,717	18.7%	24.8%
Ballard	91	490	581	14.5%	18.6%
Caldwell	149	744	893	14.8%	20.3%
Calloway	734	2,571	3,305	18.7%	28.2%
Carlisle	52	306	358	15.1%	21.4%
Christian	2,131	6,641	8,772	24.6%	29.6%
Crittenden	81	512	593	14.2%	20.9%
Fulton	121	529	650	20.8%	29.4%
Graves	395	2,221	2,616	15.5%	21.0%
Hickman	38	350	388	16.5%	23.0%
Hopkins	1,166	2,810	3,976	18.9%	26.0%
Livingston	96	557	653	13.8%	18.5%
Lyon	89	442	531	17.7%	23.1%
McCracken	1,766	4,573	6,339	20.3%	26.2%
Marshall	281	1,700	1,981	14.2%	18.4%
Muhlenberg	338	1,810	2,148	16.5%	24.1%
Todd	145	840	985	17.2%	21.6%
Trigg	139	809	948	16.2%	21.0%
Kentucky	80,882	273,823	354,705	18.4%	24.1%

- In small urban counties around Kentucky, the underemployed were
  - o less likely to be married,
  - o more likely to be attending school,
  - o less likely to have a post-secondary degree,
  - o more likely to be non-white,
  - o more likely to be working part-time
  - o more likely to be in retail, in education, legal and arts occupations, as well as sales and production occupations
  - o less likely to be in management, business and financial occupations and health care occupations than those who were employed but not underemployed.
  - The underemployed were also younger and were paid about \$13.77 an hour less than those who were employed but not underemployed.
- In rural (west and central) counties around Kentucky, the underemployed were
  - o less likely to be married,
  - o less likely to be attending school,
  - o more likely to have some college,
  - o less likely to have a baccalaureate degree or an advanced degree,
  - o more likely to be non-white,
  - o more likely to have a sensory or physical limitation or learning disability,
  - o more likely to be in the retail and manufacturing sectors,
  - o more likely to be in office and administrative support occupations as well as transportation and materials occupations,
  - o less likely to be in management, business, and financial occupations,
  - The underemployed were also slightly younger and were paid \$3.95 an hour less than those who were employed but not underemployed.

# Counties in the Five Supply Side Survey Regions in the Kentucky Labor Supply and Demand Surveys



## Characteristics of the Underemployed and the Employed Who Are Not Underemployed Small Urban

	Underemployed	Employed Who Are Not Underemployed
Community Type		
Rural Farm	11.54%	16.46%
Rural Non-farm	19.23%	17.07%
Small Town	41.03%	39.33%
Suburb	6.41%	9.45%
City	20.51%	17.38%
Don't Know	1.28%	0.30%
Average Number of Children Under 18 in Household	0.91	0.83
Average Number of Children Under 15 in Household	0.76	0.70
Average Number of People Over 65 in the Household	0.15	0.10
Average Number of Grandchildren in Household	1.92	1.96
Average Length of Time Responsible for Grandchildren (Years)	3.67	4.00
Percent Married	39.74%	68.29%
Percent Currently Attending School	17.95%	10.36%
Highest Level of Schooling		
Less than High School	15.38%	13.70%
High School Graduate	29.49%	28.05%
Some College	21.79%	17.68%
Associates or Vocational Degree	8.97%	10.36%
Bachelors Degree	14.10%	19.21%
Advanced Degree	10.25%	10.97%
Average Age	34.58	41.6
Percent Hispanic	3.85%	1.22%
Primary Race Category Selected		
White	79.49%	92.68%
Non-white	20.51%	7.02%
Refused	0.00%	0.30%
Percent with Certain Health Problems		
Deafness, Vision, or Hearing Problem	5.13%	4.88%
Physical Limitation	10.26%	7.93%
Learning Disability	6.41%	2.44%
Percent with Problems Performing a Certain Task		
Dressing, Bathing, etc.	0.00%	0.91%
Getting Around Outside the Home	1.28%	2.13%

Working	3.85%	2.74%
Percent that Work Full-Time or Part-Time		
Full-time	69.23%	84.15%
Part-time	30.77%	15.85%
Average Commute Time in Minutes	17.06	20.14
Broad Industry Category		
Manufacturing	15.38%	14.02%
Wholesale	1.28%	3.35%
Retail	17.95%	14.33%
Other	65.38%	68.29%
Class of Employer		
Private, profit	56.41%	56.40%
Private, non-profit	10.26%	8.84%
Local Govt.	7.69%	4.27%
State Govt.	6.41%	8.23%
Federal Govt.	6.41%	6.71%
Self Employed, not incorporated	2.56%	7.32%
Self Employed, incorporated	6.41%	3.96%
Working without pay	0.00%	0.30%
Don't Know	3.85%	3.96%
Occupation		
Management, Business, & Financial	8.98%	20.12%
Social & Physical Sciences	2.56%	4.26%
Social & Protective Services	2.56%	4.26%
Education, Legal, & Arts	12.82%	9.44%
Health Care	5.13%	7.01%
Food, Cleaning, & Personal Care	5.12%	5.48%
Sales & Related	14.10%	7.62%
Office & Administrative Support	15.38%	14.33%
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.00%	1.52%
Construction and Extraction	6.41%	5.18%
Installation, Maintenance, & Repair	5.13%	1.83%
Production	11.54%	8.84%
Transportation & Materials	6.41%	7.32%
Other	3.85%	2.74%
Benefits at Current Job		
Percent with Health Insurance	69.12%	79.78%
Percent with Retirement Benefits	54.41%	73.65%
Hourly Pay Rate	\$9.68	\$23.45

## Characteristics of the Underemployed and the Employed Who Are Not Underemployed Rural West

Community Type	Underemployed	Employed Who Are Not Underemployed
Community Type Rural Farm	19.64%	26.50%
Rural Non-farm	25.00%	21.77%
Small Town	53.57%	48.90%
Suburb	1.79%	0.95%
City	0.00%	1.26%
Don't Know	0.00%	0.63%
Average Number of Children Under 18 in Household	1.05	0.92
Average Number of Children Under 15 in Household	0.82	0.79
Average Number of People Over 65 in the Household	0.09	0.12
Average Number of Grandchildren in Household	1.84	1.97
Average Length of Time Responsible for Grandchildren (Years)	3.00	3.50
Percent Married	58.93%	68.14%
Percent Currently Attending School	5.36%	9.15%
Highest Level of Schooling		
Less than High School	12.50%	11.04%
High School Graduate	35.71%	43.85%
Some College	33.93%	14.83%
Associates or Vocational Degree	8.93%	8.51%
Bachelors Degree	8.93%	12.30%
Advanced Degree	0.00%	9.47%
Average Age	39.52	41.61
Percent Hispanic	0.00%	1.26%
Primary Race Category Selected		
White	89.29%	95.58%
Non-white	8.92%	4.42%
Refused	1.79%	0.00%
Percent with Certain Health Problems		
Deafness, Vision, or Hearing Problem	10.71%	4.10%
Physical Limitation	7.14%	3.47%
Learning Disability	5.36%	3.79%
Percent with Problems Performing a Certain Task		
Dressing, Bathing, etc.	0.00%	0.32%
Getting Around Outside the Home	0.00%	0.63%

Characteristics of the Underemployed and the Employed Who Are Not Underemployed Rural West

	Underemployed	Employed Who Are Not Underemployed	
Working	3.57%	1.89%	
Percent that Work Full-Time or Part-Time			
Full-time	82.14%	86.44%	
Part-time	17.86%	13.56%	
Average Commute Time in Minutes	17.60	20.27	
-	17.00	20.27	
Broad Industry Category	22.224	24.450	
Manufacturing	30.36%	21.45%	
Wholesale	0.00%	3.79%	
Retail	23.21%	13.25%	
Other	46.43%	61.51%	
Class of Employer			
Private, profit	64.29%	53.94%	
Private, non-profit	3.57%	5.68%	
Local Govt.	3.57%	3.47%	
State Govt.	7.14%	12.30%	
Federal Govt.	3.57%	3.15%	
Self Employed, not incorporated	12.50%	11.04%	
Self Employed, incorporated	0.00%	3.47%	
Working without pay	0.00%	0.32%	
Don't Know	5.36%	6.62%	
Occupation			
Management, Business, & Financial	7.41%	14.06%	
Social & Physical Sciences	3.70%	2.56%	
Social & Protective Services	1.85%	3.20%	
Education, Legal, & Arts	3.70%	8.31%	
Health Care	9.26%	6.71%	
Food, Cleaning, & Personal Care	9.25%	7.36%	
Sales & Related	11.11%	9.90%	
Office & Administrative Support	20.37%	12.78%	
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry	0.00%	1.60%	
Construction and Extraction	1.85%	5.75%	
Installation, Maintenance, & Repair	1.85%	2.88%	
Production	18.52%	17.57%	
Transportation & Materials	11.11%	6.71%	
Other	0.00%	0.64%	
Benefits at Current Job			
Percent with Health Insurance	76.09%	83.13%	
Percent with Retirement Benefits	69.57%	74.30%	
Hourly Pay Rate	\$11.27	\$15.22	

	Large Urban	Small Urban	Exurban	Rural Appalachia	Rural West
Percent of Workers Underemployed	16.3%	19.3%	17.5%	20.5%	15.2%
Percent of Male Workers Underemployed	17.8%	16.5%	18.7%	22.3%	13.8%
Percent of Female Workers Underemployed	15.2%	22.0%	16.1%	18.9%	16.7%
Percent of Part-time Workers Wanting a Full-time Job	13.6%	32.0%	19.6%	40.0%	18.9%
Reason for not Wanting Full-time Job		22 72/	10.70	40.70/	10.00/
Child Care Problems	14.0%	23.5%	13.5%	18.5%	16.3%
Family/Personal Obligations	17.5%	23.5%	24.3%	29.6%	16.3%
Health/Medical Limitations	7.0%	2.0%	5.4%	7.4%	11.6%
School/Training	31.6%	19.6%	18.9%	18.5%	27.9%
Retired/Social Security Limitations Full-time Workweek<35 Hours	12.3%	15.7%	24.3%	14.8%	14.0%
Don't Know	5.3%	9.8%	8.1%	3.7%	2.3%
Refused	10.5% 1.8%	3.9% 2.0%	5.4% 0.0%	7.4% 0.0%	11.6%
Reiuseu	1.070	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Percent of Full-time Workers Overqualified, i.e., More Training or Experience than Necessary for Job	28.1%	31.1%	33.8%	29.3%	26.3%
Percent Who Are Overqualified By Choice	39.6%	47.1%	48.6%	40.7%	44.6%
Reasons for Being Involuntarily Overqualified					
Child/Dependent Care	11.9%	16.7%	20.3%	29.2%	26.1%
Lack of Transportation	1.7%	3.7%	5.1%	2.1%	4.4%
Geographic Location	25.4%	46.3%	47.5%	56.3%	58.7%
Lack of Job Opportunities	74.6%	92.6%	86.4%	91.7%	93.5%
Low Wages at Available Jobs	57.6%	72.2%	61.0%	79.2%	78.3%
Disability	3.4%	9.3%	6.8%	2.1%	2.2%
Lack of Support from Family	6.8%	11.1%	11.9%	8.3%	4.4%
Percent of Underemployed Who Believe that Skills, Education, Exp., etc. Fit Well with Current Job	67.7%	74.0%	68.2%	58.5%	63.6%
Percent of Underemployed Who Believe They Should have a Better Job	84.8%	94.9%	95.4%	90.8%	92.8%
Percent of Underemployed Who Believe They Are Qualified for Better Job	92.5%	96.1%	95.4%	95.3%	94.6%
Reasons Given by Underemployed for Being Qualified for Better					
Job Percent Qualified Because of Education	93.4%	72.0%	75.8%	77.0%	69.8%
Percent Qualified Because of Skills	90.3%	96.0%	96.8%	93.4%	98.1%
Percent Qualified Because of Experience	87.1%	88.0%	95.1%	83.6%	96.2%
Percent Qualified Because of Training	79.0%	84.0%	91.9%	81.9%	96.2%
. 5.55 Qualified Bookdoo of Frailing	. 5.0 /0	3 1.0 /0	31.070	31.370	00. <u>~</u> /0
Percent of Underemployed Who Believe They are Appropriately Compensated	41.8%	50.0%	41.5%	44.6%	55.3%

#### Detailed Information on the Underemployed

	Large Urban	Small Urban	Exurban	Rural Appalachia	Rural West
Average Hourly Wage Underemployed Believe They Would be Paid in a Job that Matched Their Skills, Education, and Experience	\$ 17.34	\$ 11.21	\$ 14.97	\$ 12.71	\$ 12.78
Percent of Underemployed Attempting to Improve Skills and Training	67.2%	60.2%	62.1%	61.5%	58.9%
Percent of Employers of Underemployed Offering Tuition Assistance	44.6%	51.3%	39.1%	25.4%	37.5%
Percent of Underemployed Who Believe They Could Find a Better Fitting Job in 3 Months if They Were Willing to Relocate or Commute within a 200 Mile Region	68.2%	71.0%	73.4%	61.3%	59.4%